



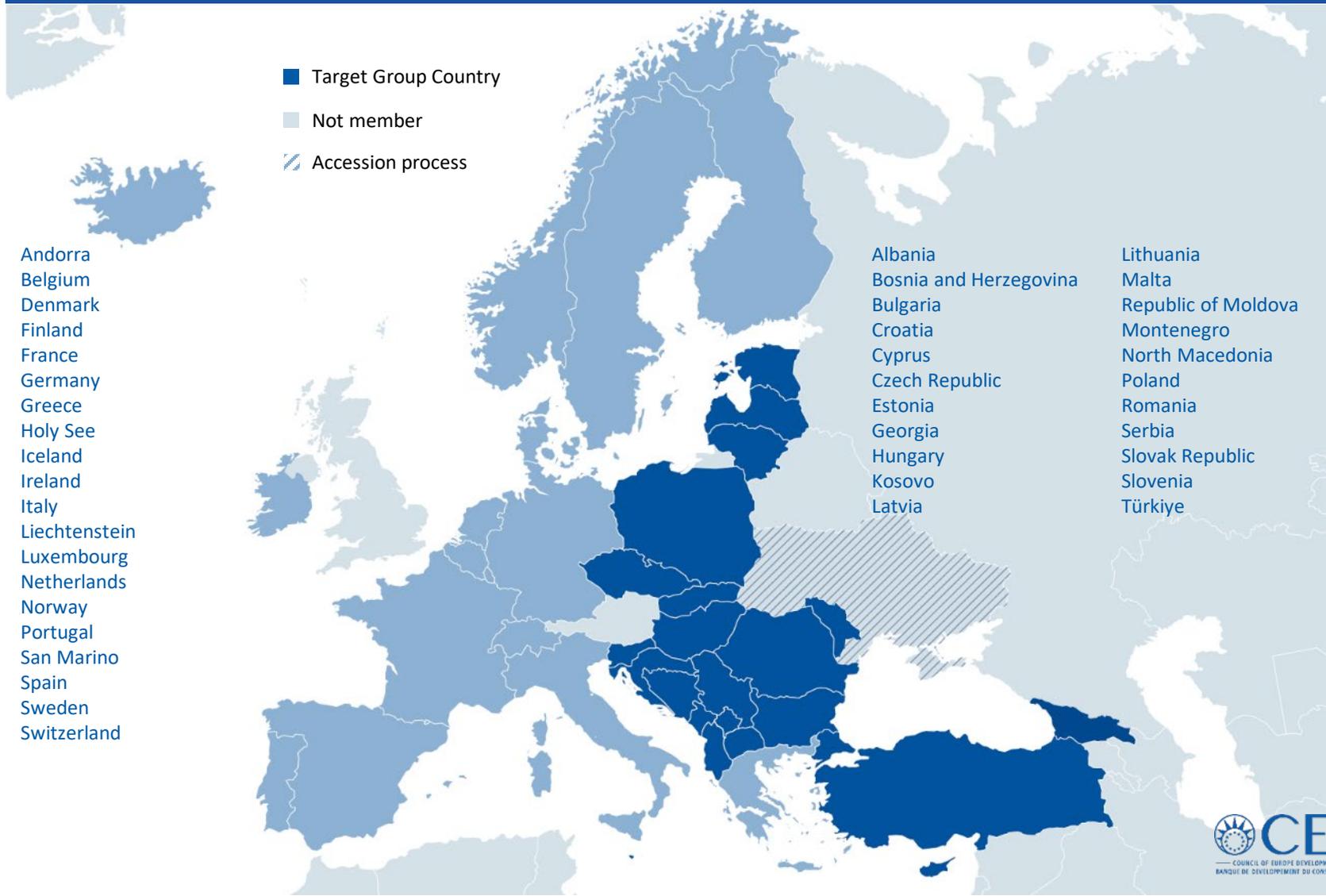
Council of Europe Development Bank (CEB)

The social development bank
for Europe

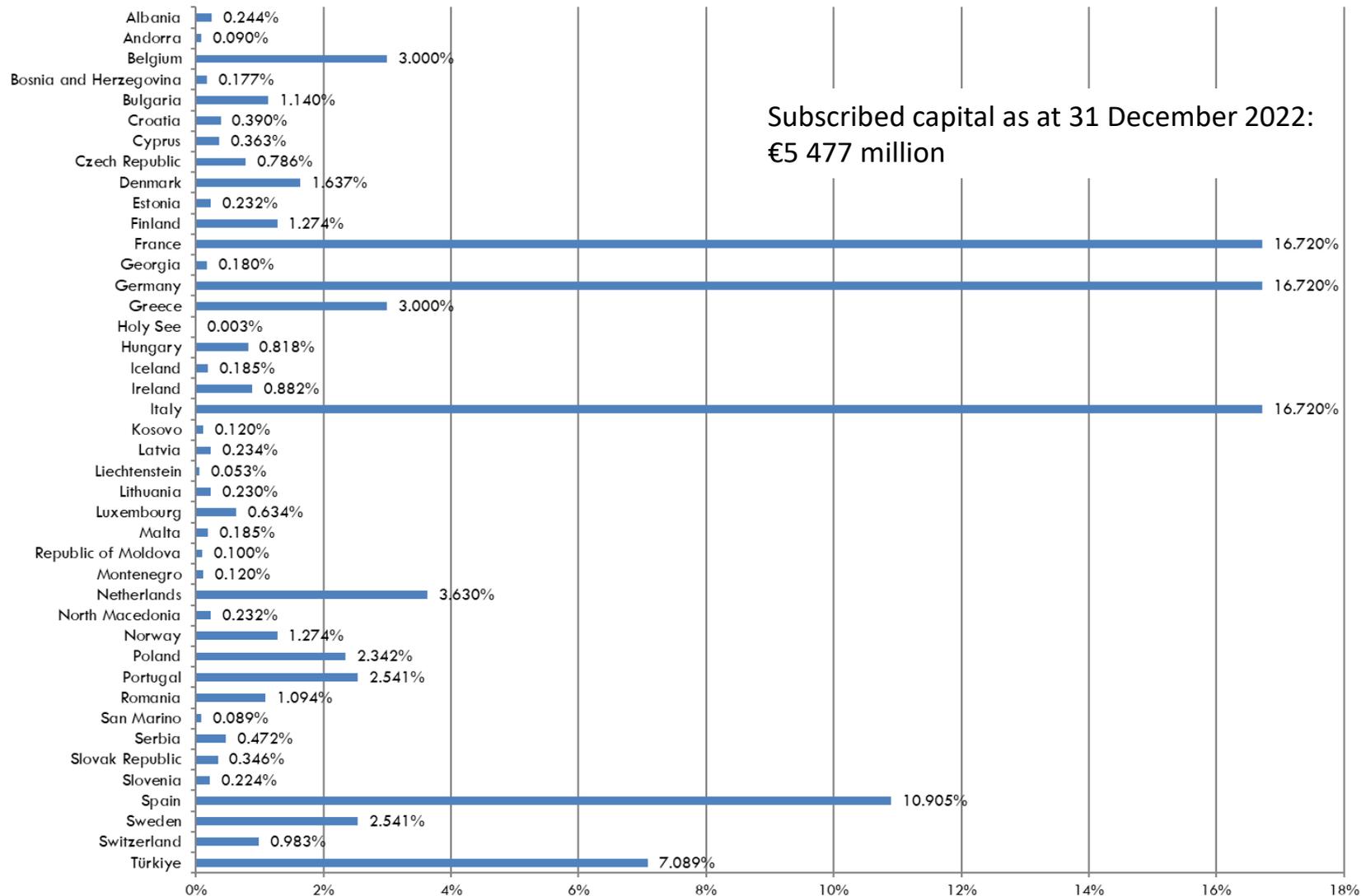
CEB: The social development bank for Europe

- The oldest European multilateral development bank in Europe, set up in 1956
- The CEB's membership base has gradually expanded and now includes 42 member states
- Ukraine is in the final stages of the process to become a member of the CEB
- Headquartered in Paris, France

The Bank's member states and target group countries



Capital and membership



How it all started

- The CEB has its origins in the political upheavals following the Second World War, leading to a flood of refugees and displaced persons into Western Europe
- It was founded by eight member states of the Council of Europe in 1956 as a “Resettlement Fund”
- In 1997, the CEB’s social mandate was reaffirmed and centred on the promotion of social cohesion



Key figures for the financial year 2022

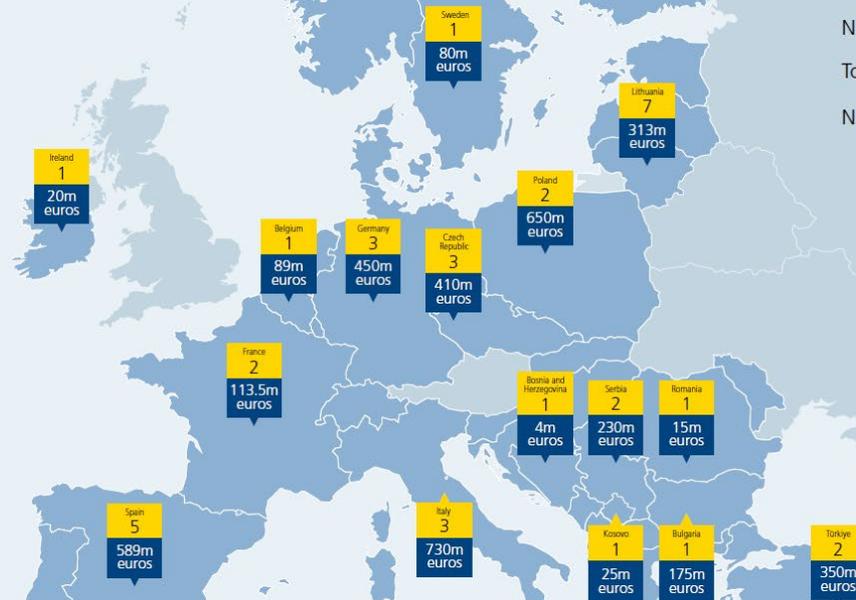
- 36 new projects approved (56% in target countries) amounting to €4.2 billion
- Nearly one-third of the amount approved (€1.3 billion) was related to support for refugees fleeing Ukraine and their host communities
- €60 million in grants approved
- Loans disbursed: €3.5 billion
- Loans outstanding: €19.9 billion
- Total assets: €31.5 billion
- Net profit: €79.7 million



Projects approved in 2022

CEB loans per country

Number of projects
Volume of loans approved



Projects approved in 2022

Number of projects: 36

Total amount: €4.2 billion

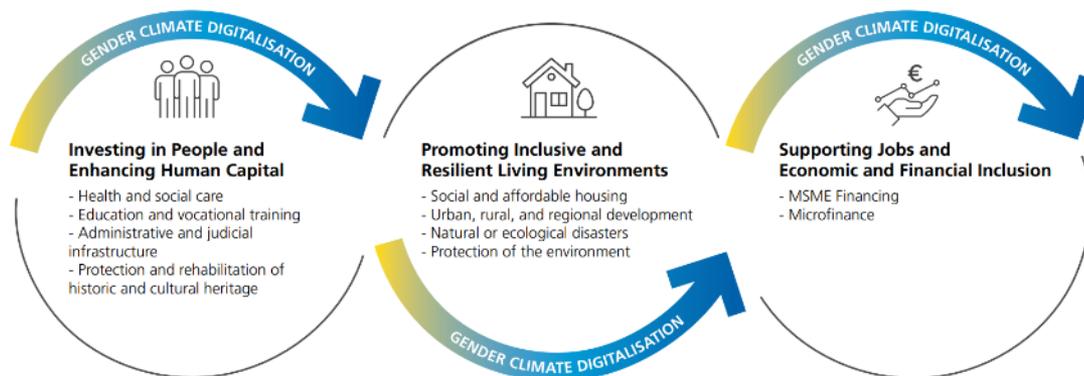
Number of countries: 16

The CEB's priorities for 2023-2027

- The CEB's priorities span across **three lines of action** and **several sectors of operation**, of which six are considered “**focus sectors**”:

Focus sectors:

1. Health and social care
2. Education and vocational training
3. Social and affordable housing
4. Urban, rural, and regional development
5. MSME financing
6. Microfinance



- **Three cross-cutting** themes interact with the CEB's priorities: climate change, gender equality, and digitalisation.

Cross-cutting theme: Climate action



The CEB sees the climate crisis as a social crisis: it can threaten social, economic and territorial cohesion, exacerbate inequalities and maintain vulnerable people in a cycle of underdevelopment.

- Systematic consideration of the “climate-social nexus”: mainstreaming climate-related issues in social investments and integrating a social dimension in climate action
- Progressive alignment of all financing activities with the Paris Agreement
- Prioritising investments that enhance the climate resilience of vulnerable populations and support a just and inclusive transition to a decarbonised and climate-resilient future

Compra publica y bancos multilaterales. WB, EIB, EBRD,...

Los bancos multilaterales al ser organizaciones internacionales gozan de estatuto y privilegios especiales, y no estan sometidos a la ley del pais de sede o del pais de operaciones.

- Distintos enfoques: Reenvio al Sistema de compra publica nacional Vs. Sistema independiente
- Imposibilidad de recursos judiciales
- Aplicacion de excepciones a las reglas nacionales

Algunos retos a los que se enfrenta la compra publica financiada por bancos multilaterales

Las características especiales del regimen juridico de los BML crean ciertas dificultades para seguir las tendencias existentes en la compra publica en general

- Introduccion de compra publica sostenible y de innovacion
- Demanda de aplicacion extraterritorial de algunos preceptos legales
- Ausencia de revision judicial de las decisiones de compra publica
- En algunas jurisdicciones, falta de “ownership” por parte de los prestatarios

Iniciativas interesantes y novedades

Algunas iniciativas se orientan a una armonización y estandarización de procedimientos

- Discusiones en el seno de los trabajos OCDE
- MAPS assessments
- Support investments that foster the economic, financial and societal inclusion of women and girls
- La contratación de emergencia: la pandemia y la invasión de Ucrania.

For more information, visit: <https://coebank.org/>



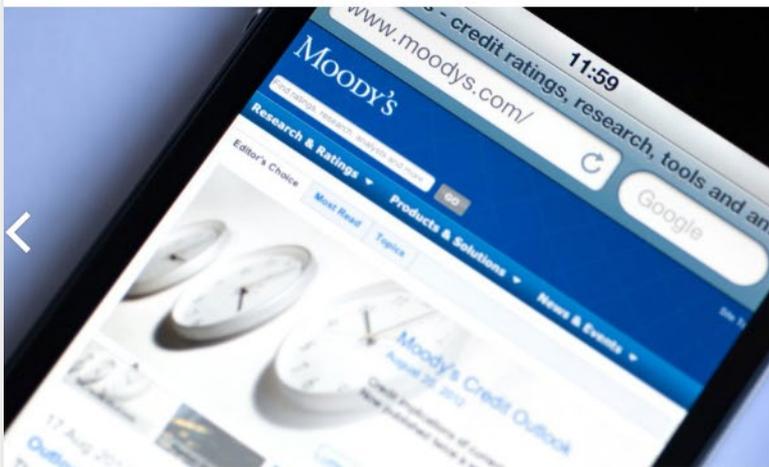
The social development bank for Europe

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Moody's upgrades its rating for CEB to Aaa 'stable' outlook

Moody's endorsement recognises the CEB's extremely strong capacity to meet its financial commitments.



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NEWS

3rd Ukraine Ministerial Roundtable IMF-WBG Spring Meetings, Washington D.C. (12 April 2023)

13 Apr 2023

CEB awarded Social Bond of the Year – Supranational 2023

06 Apr 2023

CEB issues EUR 1 billion 7-year Social Inclusion Bond Benchmark

05 Apr 2023

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PUBLICATIONS

Financial Report 2022



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